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TITLE OF INVENTION

"Dermawear"

(Derm-A-Wear)

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## CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

"Not Applicable"

50f40

## FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT

"Not Applicable"

60f 40

## REFERENCE TO SEQUENCE LISTINGS

"Not Applicable"

70640

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

output of cloth equipment set forth in a utility design as a useful stratagem of skill and ingenuity against the inoculation of sexually transmitted diseases of the male and female genital region. Protecting its user from Phthirus Pubis, scabies, and warts.

"Dermawear" is classified as medical equipment, because the related subject matter of sexually transmitted diseases in this invention is the nature of this invention. (Dermawear). Dermawear protects the male and female genital area and further defines the useful scope of its functioning authority to thwart the attainment of skin pathogens upon the male public area—genitalia of individuals engaged in sexual intercourse. Dermawear comprised of the receptacle rim (elastic band fitted around the base of the perus) and the loop defense strands are elements essential to the protection of its user.

Prior Art: "Not Applicable." Information Disclosure Statement By Applicant is attached hereto

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References Cited as Prior Art - U.S. Patent Documents			
Cite Number	Document Number	Date	Applicant
1	5,535,757	7/96	Andrew Fleming, Jr.
2	5,596,997	1/97	Max M. Abadi
3.	2 <u>,591,783</u>	4/52	Douglass L. Craddock
4	4,664,104	5/87	John R. Jaicks
5,	4,807,611	2/89	Kenneth A. Johnson
6.	4,862,901	9/89	Ivan L. Green
7.	4,872,462	10/89	Gilbert Salz
8	4,981,147	1/91	Madeleine C. Barnett
9.	4,942,885	7/90	Davis et al.

Dermawear is distinguished from 1.) Andrew Fleming, Jr.'s art in that Fleming's patent is not comprised of a receptacle rim (an elastic band fitted around the base of the penis), which is stitched into the garment, and it is not comprised of loop defense strands also stitched into the garment. Instead, Fleming's patent calls for a snap-on device which has "a base to which the condom is fixed, and snaps on the base for snapping into receptacles on the undergarment, so that the prophylactic and base are removable after use and replaceable." Citation: Fleming Jr.'s abstract.

Dermawear has no removable parts. Additionally, Dermawear is designed

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specifically for men, whereas Fleming's art is designed, "Preferably [as] a female's undergarment." Citation: Fleming's Summary of the Invention. Fleming Jr.'s design does not extend down over the thighs, whereas Dermawear does for complete protection. To date, Fleming's art is not in use by consumers in the mass marketplace of the United States of America.

Dermawear is distinguished from 2.) Max M. Ahadi's art in that Abadi's patent is designed specifically for women as a "Panty Condom" being comprised of a female undergarment containing a vertical elongated slit as seen in Figures 8 and 9 of the illustration. Dermawear is for men and is comprised of a receptacle rim and loop defense strands differing from the panty condom. Additionally, the panty condom provides no coverage over the thighs, whereas Dermawear does for complete protection. To date, Abadi's art is not in use by consumers in the mass marketplace of the United States of America.

Dermawear is distinguished from 3.) Douglass L. Craddock's art in that Craddock's patent is comprised of beads at its central opening with tie straps for the waist and thighs. Dermawear is a closed system without the need for said tie straps being comprised of a fitted elastic band (receptacle rim) as opposed to Craddock's beads. To date, Craddock's art is not in use by consumers in the mass marketplace of the United States of America.

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